REMARKS

In the Final Office Action, Claims 1-26 are pending, were examined and stand rejected. In this Response, Claims 1, 7, 15, and 21 are amended, no claims are cancelled and no claims are added. Applicants respectfully request reconsideration of pending Claims 1-26 in view of the following remarks.

I. Double Patenting Rejection

Claims 1 and 2 are provisionally rejected under the obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over Claim 16 of co-pending U.S. Patent Application No. 10/781,512 in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,158,018 to Bernasconi et al. ("Bernasconi"). Applicants hold in abeyance this rejection until such time as the claims on which the rejection is premised are granted.

II. Claims Rejected Under 35 U.S.C. §103

Claims 1-19 and 21-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent Publication No. 004/0128590 issued to Derr ("<u>Derr</u>") in view of U.S. Patent Publication No. 2005/0015760 issued to Ivanov et al. ("<u>Ivanov</u>"). Applicant respectfully disagrees with the Examiner's assertions and characterizations of the cited references and therefore traverse this rejection.

Regarding the examiner's citing of <u>Derr</u>, 35 U.S.C. §103(c) prohibits the Examiner from citing <u>Derr</u> to render Claim 1 obvious. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §103(c):

- (1) <u>Derr</u> only qualifies as a 102(e) reference, and
- (2) the invention of the pending claims and the invention of <u>Derr</u> were, at the time the pending claims were made, owned by the same person or subject to an obligation of assignment to the same person.

Here, the same person is Intel Corporation of Santa Clara, California. Thus, <u>Derr</u> cannot properly be cited as a §103(a) reference. Consequently, Applicant respectfully submits that the Examiner cannot rely on <u>Derr</u> to establish a *prima facie* §103(a) rejection of Claim 1.

Hence, §103(c) prohibits the Examiner from citing <u>Derr</u> as a §103(a) prior art reference. Consequently, we submit that the Examiner is prohibited from establishing *prima facie* obviousness of Claim 1, since all of the features recited by Claim 1 are not taught or suggested by <u>Ivanov</u>.

For each of the above reasons, therefore, Claim 1, and all claims which depend from Claim 1, are patentable over <u>Ivanov</u> as well as the references of record.

Each of Applicant's other independent claims include features similar to those highlighted above in Claim 1. Therefore, all of Applicant's other independent claims, and all claims which depend on them, are patentable over the cited art for similar reasons. Consequently, we request that the Examiner reconsider and withdraw the §103(a) rejection of Claims 1-26.

Claims 1-19 and 21-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 6,158,018 issued to Bernasconi et al. ("Bernasconi") in view of Ivanov.

Claim 1 recites:

1. A system comprising:

trigger-matching logic to <u>capture</u> an <u>incoming read/write request cycle</u> from a <u>requesting device</u> and to determine if the captured incoming read/write request cycle <u>matches</u> at least one <u>trigger condition</u> of one or more of trigger conditions; and

control logic coupled to the trigger-matching logic to <u>select</u> a <u>single</u> <u>instruction</u> upon detection of the at least one matched trigger condition and to execute one or more <u>operations specified</u> by the <u>selected single instruction</u> to <u>modify</u> the captured incoming read/write request cycle <u>prior</u> to transmission to a <u>designated end-device</u>, wherein the set of instructions is selected based on the at least one matched trigger condition and the <u>requesting device</u> is <u>different</u> from the <u>designated end-device</u>.

Though Applicants argument here is directed to the cited combination of references, it is first necessary to consider their individual teachings to ascertain what combination, if any, can be made from the above cited references.

<u>Bernasconi</u> is generally directed to an integrated circuit including patching circuitry to bypass portions of an incrementally flawed read only memory, where an embedded patching circuitry supplies data stored in flawless portions of the ROM to the DSP until the current DSP

program address matches a break address indicating that the next portion of the embedded ROM is flawed. (See Abstract.) In contrast with Claim 1, Bernasconi does not disclose or suggest capture of an incoming read/write request cycle from a requesting device, much less determining whether the captured incoming read/write request cycle matches at least one trigger condition of one or more trigger conditions, as in Claim 1. Bernasconi does disclose the use of a current DSP program address provided by bus 24 from DSP 16 to patching circuitry 22, ROM 18, and RAM 18, such that the DSP program address is compared against a break address to identify flawed DSP program software (see col. 9, lines 53-57 and col. 6, lines 15-23), however, that is something completely different from the capture of an incoming read/write request cycle from a requesting device to determine if the captured incoming read/write request cycle matches at least one trigger condition of one or more trigger conditions, as in Claim 1.

Furthermore, in contrast with Claim 1, <u>Bernasconi</u> does not disclose or suggest trigger matching logic to select a single instruction upon detection of at least one matched trigger condition and to execute one or more operations specified by the selected single instruction to modify the captured incoming read/write request cycle prior to transmission to a designated end-device, as in Claim 1. We submit that the illustration of the DSP program address coming from the DSP 16 device, as well as FIG. 1's illustration of the DSP programming address going to the DSP 16 shown in FIG. 1 of <u>Bernasconi</u>, neither disclose or suggest the capture of the incoming read/write request cycle from a requesting device, nor transmission to a designated end-device of the modified captured incoming read/write request cycle, as in Claim 1.

As correctly recognized by the Examiner, <u>Bernasconi</u> fails to disclose or suggest that the requesting device is different from the designated end-device, as in Claim 1. As a result, the Examiner cites <u>Ivanov</u>. However, neither para. [0033] nor any other disclosure of <u>Ivanov</u> teaches or suggests that the requesting device is different from the designated end-device, as in Claim 1.

<u>Ivanov</u> is generally directed to automatic detection and patching of vulnerable files through the use of binary signatures that have been associated with discovered security vulnerabilities to enable the production of regression-free fixes for security vulnerabilities in binary files. (See Abstract.) We submit that the Examiner's citing of Ivanov fails to rectify the

deficiencies of <u>Bernasconi</u> in failing to teach or suggest the capture of an incoming read/write request cycle from a requesting device and the modification of the captured incoming read/write request cycle prior to transmission to a designated end-device, as in Claim 1.

We submit that since the disclosure of <u>Bernasconi</u> is expressly limited to bypassing portions of an internally flawed read only memory (<u>see</u> col. 6, lines 15-23 and col. 9, lines 53-57) the combination of <u>Bernasconi</u> and <u>Ivanov</u> cannot teach or suggest trigger matching logic to select a single instruction upon detection of at least one match trigger condition and to execute one or more operations specified by the selected single instruction to modify the captured incoming read/write request cycle prior to transmission to a designated end-device, as in Claim 1. Hence, no combination of <u>Bernasconi</u> in view of <u>Ivanov</u> can teach or suggest the capture of an incoming read/write request cycle from a requesting device, much less that such incoming read/write request cycle is modified according to operations indicated by a single instruction prior to transmission to a designated end-device, as in Claim 1. Furthermore, no combination of <u>Bernasconi</u> in view of <u>Ivanov</u> can teach or suggest that the requesting device is different from the designated end-device, as in Claim 1.

For each of the above reasons, therefore, Claim 1, and all claims which depend from Claim 1, are patentable over the cited prior art combination of references to <u>Bernasconi</u> and <u>Ivanov</u> as well as the references of record.

Each of Applicant's other independent claims include features similar to those highlighted above in Claim 1. Therefore, all of Applicant's other independent claims, and all claims which depend on them, are patentable over the cited art for similar reasons. Consequently, we request that the Examiner reconsider and withdraw the §103(a) rejection of Claims 1-19 and 21-26.

Dependent Claims

In view of the above remarks, a specific discussion of the dependent claims is considered to be unnecessary. Therefore, Applicants' silence regarding any dependent claim is not to be interpreted as agreement with, or acquiescence to, the rejection of each claim or as waiving any argument regarding that claim.

CONCLUSION

In view of the foregoing, it is believed that all claims now pending (1) are in proper form, (2) are neither obvious nor anticipated by the relied upon art of record, and (3) are in condition for allowance. A Notice of Allowance is earnestly solicited at the earliest possible date. If the Examiner believes that a telephone conference would be useful in moving the application forward to allowance, the Examiner is encouraged to contact the undersigned at (310) 207-3800.

If necessary, the Commissioner is hereby authorized in this, concurrent and future replies, to charge payment or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 02-2666 for any additional fees required under 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.16 or 1.17, particularly, extension of time fees.

Respectfully submitted,

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Dated: 2 19 08

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I hereby certify that this correspondence is being submitted electronically via EFS Web on the date shown below to the United States Patent and

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